

Opposing Force Tasks:

Collective Company/Subordinate Tasks



U.S. Army

TRADOC G-2

ACE-Threats Integration

Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas



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Opposing Force (OPFOR) Collective Tasks (Company and Subordinate Unit-Echelon Level Tasks)

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Preface

This TRADOC G-2 handbook describes opposing force (OPFOR) tasks and drills for use in all US Army training, professional education, and leader development. This handbook supports the US Army Training Circular 7-100 series that addresses OPFOR doctrine; tactical organization roles, capabilities, and limitations; equipment; manning; and related military mission and support functions. The 17 updated OPFOR collective tasks and drills are posted in the US Army Combined Arms Training Strategies (CATS).

OPFOR functional tactics support US Army Regulation 350-2, *Operational Environment and Opposing Force Program*. This publication describes an OPFOR in dynamic operational environment (OE) conditions and can include a hybrid threat (HT). Tactics are descriptive, and require skilled decisionmaking and actions to present an OPFOR tailored to replicate highly capable regular and irregular threats that combined can replicate HTs or a multi-domain threat (MDT) that spans the domains of land, air, sea, space, and cyber.

The principle audience for this handbook includes US Army commanders, staffs, and Soldiers with emphasis at the tactical echelon of units and activities in military missions. In application, this training literature is for all members of the profession of arms. Trainers, educators, capability developers, and leaders throughout the US Army use this publication. This handbook aligns with the US Army's "Objective T" initiative for objective assessment of Army training readiness.

Commanders, staffs, and subordinates ensure that their decisions and actions comply with applicable United States, international, and in some cases host-nation laws and regulations and multinational and coalition agreements. Leaders at all levels ensure that their Soldiers operate in accordance with the law of war and established rules of engagement while operating in relevant populations and in conflict with adversaries or enemies.

This handbook applies to the Active Army, Army National Guard/Army National Guard of the United States and United States Army Reserve unless otherwise stated.

The proponent of this handbook is the US Army Training and Doctrine Command G-2, Deputy Chief of Staff for Intelligence. The preparing activity is the TRADOC G-2, ACE Threats Integration Directorate. Send comments and recommendations on DA Form 2028 to US Army TRADOC G-2, ACE Threats Integration Directorate, ATTN: ATIN-T (ACE-TI), 803 Harrison Drive, Building 467-Room 15, Fort Leavenworth, KS 66027; by email to jon.s.cleaves.civ@mail.mil; or submit an electronic DA form 2028.

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Introduction

Opposing Force Tasks: Collective Company/Subordinate Tasks, supports US Army Regulation 350-2 and the US Army Training Circular 7-100 series. The tasks and drills address opposing force (OPFOR) activities and tactics for training in live, constructive, and virtual or gaming conditions for operational and institutional environments. Learning bridges leader development, training, professional education, and other developmental functions. The OPFOR includes a threat that can represent a peer or near-peer competitor in particular capabilities, and can act with varied capacities in all domains of land, air, sea, space, and cyber. This type of threat is a multi-domain threat (MDT). Peer or near-peer abilities in selective variables of an operational environment (OE) can challenge the combat power effectiveness of US forces. Functional tactics are the practical execution of actions and enabling actions to achieve OPFOR mission tasks and intent within an assigned or implied mission. Regular and irregular forces, criminal organizations, and/or terrorist groups can combine to form a hybrid threat (HT). State and non-state actors can operate through willing support or coercion of a relevant population, and can also operate with passive or unknowing support of a relevant population. An OPFOR represents a composite of actual threats, adversaries, and enemies that the US Army could confront in near-term and midterm OEs, and provides robust, realistic, relevant, and challenging training conditions in learning environments for sustained US Army readiness.

MULTI-DOMAIN THREATS

Multi-domain threats employ direct and indirect actions to create physical and psychological effects that can suddenly or progressively make the US military element of power irrelevant to a conflict. A *multi-domain threat* (MDT), either an actual threat or an OPFOR, represents a peer or near-peer competitor with significant capabilities to act in all domains of land, air, sea, space, and cyber. Primary and enabling actions in military, political-diplomatic, and informational means are integral to manipulating all elements of combat power in order to influence an enemy's situational awareness and understanding, and their mission decisionmaking in a particular OE. In addition to physical forms of attack, deceptive and distorted reporting in social media and diplomatic-political arenas and other forms of believable misinformation are integrated in an OE to convince an enemy to act in a manner that favors a threat objective.

A MDT integrates operative capabilities towards rendering US military power irrelevant. This threat can negate or significantly reduce US military forces being introduced into a regional conflict. Five broad physical and psychological ways are as follows: systems warfare, preclusion, sanctuary, isolation, and reflexive control. Some of these methods are at times more appropriate at the operational and strategic levels of confrontation; however, the tasks and drills in this handbook are typical to actions and impacts conducted or supportive at the tactical echelon. Actions and outcomes focus ultimately at defeating an adversary's or enemy's commitment to achieve a stated objective. At the tactical level of operations in persistent conflict, the threat uses functional tactics and non-prescriptive techniques to execute mission tasks and drills, achieve immediate or near-term effects, and support higher echelon aims of weakening or defeating an enemy's resolve to prolong a conflict.

FUNCTIONAL TACTICS

Functional tactics are best understood as the primary actions or enabling actions each actor performs in order to accomplish a mission task. Once a task is described as a discrete activity with a measurable

outcome, forces or elements employ available capabilities as functions. A *function* is an action or series or group of actions that cause an effect or effects with the expectation of a predictable outcome.

A *task* is a defined and measurable activity accomplished by individuals and organizations. A *drill* is a collective task initiated by a situational cue that requires minimal leader orders to execute a prescribed group of actions.

To execute functional tactics with tasks and drills, an intelligence analysis methodology of *functional analysis* applies leader experience and expertise to recognize the dynamic or constant nature of variables in an operational environment; determines the functions required to achieve a mission; and understands the human dimension of competing friendly forces, enemy forces, and other possible actors in an OE and relevant population. The design of functional analysis results in a graphic depiction and concise narrative of how a threat, adversary, or enemy might or is likely to conduct its operations in capabilities, dispositions, time, and actions in order to accomplish a particular type of mission. Then, OPFOR capabilities and actors are planned, analyzed, and allocated based on combat power functions, rehearsed as a synchronized and integrated force or grouping of elements, and mission ordered to accomplish a mission task.

OPPOSING FORCE

The purpose of an OPFOR is to portray a threat, adversary, or enemy in learning environments for US Army sustained readiness. US Army Regulation 350-2, *Operational Environment and Opposing Force Program*, describes an OPFOR as follows:

An *OPFOR* is a plausible, flexible, and free-thinking mixture of regular forces, irregular forces, and/or criminal elements representing a composite of varying capabilities of actual worldwide forces and capabilities (doctrine, tactics, organization, and equipment). The OPFOR is used in lieu of a specific threat force for training and developing U.S. forces. The OPFOR is tailored to replicate highly capable conventional threats and unconventional threats that combined can replicate hybrid threats.

“A *threat* is any combination of actors, entities, or forces that have the capability and intent to harm U.S. forces, U.S. national interests, or the homeland.” (ADRP 3-0). Threats may include individuals, groups of individuals (organized or not organized), paramilitary or military forces, nation-states, or national alliances. When threats execute their capability to do harm to the United States, they become enemies.

“An *enemy* is a party identified as hostile against which the use of force is authorized.” (ADRP 3-0). “An *adversary* is a party acknowledged as potentially hostile to a friendly party and against which the use of force may be envisaged.” (JP 3-0).

“A *hybrid threat* is the diverse and dynamic combination of regular forces, irregular forces, terrorist forces, and/or criminal elements unified to achieve mutually benefitting effects.” (ADRP 3-0). In the context of a HT or MDT, the OPFOR can include regular military, paramilitary, or nonmilitary actors as peer or near-peer competitors in one or more domains of land, air, sea, space, and cyber. A hybrid threat can consist of any combination of two or more regular or irregular forces or elements. *Paramilitary forces*, defined in JP 3-24, are “forces or groups distinct from the regular armed forces of any country, but resembling them in organization, equipment, training, or mission.” The term *irregular forces* has transitioned through varied descriptions in recent years from armed individuals or groups who are not members of the regular armed forces, police, or other internal security forces to a more generalized acknowledgment that various state and non-state actors, armed or unarmed,

can be participants in an irregular force. A threat, not necessarily constrained by the law of war or international conventions, can employ the specter of terrorism. The US Department of Defense defines *terrorism* as follows: the unlawful use of violence or threat of violence, often motivated by religious, political, or other ideological beliefs, to instill fear and coerce governments or societies in pursuit of goals that are usually political.

This handbook describes functional tactics in the context of fundamental threat principles and practical conditions of how the threat plans, prepares, and executes missions and mission tasks and drills—by function—as integrated tactical forces or elements. The OPFOR ensures stressful conditions to challenge successful conduct of US warfighting functions and mission essential and specified tasks. The focus, scope, and intensity of threat conditions in a learning environment are determined by the US commander to assess and evaluate leader and Soldier decisionmaking and actions that achieve specified or implied tasks to US Army standards. OPFOR conditions are to be robust, realistic, and relevant as a challenge to sustained US Army readiness.

The principle audience for this handbook includes US Army commanders, staffs, and Soldiers with emphasis at the tactical echelon of units and activities. The learning model that this handbook supports applies to all members of the profession of arms.

Note. This handbook addresses topics from the OPFOR point of view. So, the term *friendly* refers to the OPFOR. Likewise, the term *enemy* refers to the enemy of the OPFOR that can be a force or element within an OPFOR's own country or geographic region, or an extra-regional opponent or enemy such as a coalition with US armed forces participation.

Note. The main body of this handbook is a composite list of 17 OPFOR tasks and drills updated as of March 2017. Page numbers for each task and drill from the original CATS site are at the bottom-center of the page. The table of contents page count for an OPFOR task or drill in this handbook is at the bottom-right of the page. An OPFOR task title and CATS number is at the header of each task page for ease of grouping or separating individual OPFOR tasks.

Note. The TADSS (training aids, devices, simulators, and simulations) and materiel lists in each of the enclosed CATS Training and Evaluation Outline Reports are a general guide of resources to plan and prepare for OPFOR training events. The training note states, “adjust as needed on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.”



For more resources on threat/OPFOR, see US Army TRADOC G-27 Operational Environment Training Support Center (OE TSC) at <https://tbr.army.mil/index.html>. The **Virtual OPFOR Academy** (VOA) provides OPFOR tasks/drills, references, instructional and immersion videos, and exercise design/support tools to achieve collective training objectives for sustained Army readiness.

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Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8501

Task Title: OPFOR Execute an Assault

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The detachment or brigade tactical group (BTG) is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct an assault at the location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and or graphics. The DET/BTG has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The DET/BTG conducts the assault in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The DET/BTG gains and maintains contact with the enemy force. The DET/BTG renders the enemy force combat ineffective and occupies any position required by the order.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment t (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commander's training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				<=59%	<=59%		<=50%			U

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. 0.1 Plan			
+ a. Determine functions that need to be performed to achieve mission success (action, enabling, supporting).			
+ b. Determine what enemy forces need to be deceived and how.			
+ c. Determine what enemy forces need to be fixed and how.			
+ d. Determine what enemy forces need to be destroyed and how.			
+ e. Determine what enemy forces need to be disrupted and how.			
+ f. Determine critical information requirements and how they will be obtained.			
+ g. Organize forces into elements by function. Types of elements can be found in TC 7-100.2/TC7-100.3.			
Note: Types of elements can be found in TC 7-100.2/TC7-100.3.			
Prepare			
+ 2. 0.2 Prepare			
+ a. Execute continuous Reconnaissance to provide critical information required for success.			
+ b. Execute continuous Counter-reconnaissance to prevent enemy from obtaining critical information.			
+ c. Conduct rehearsals.			
+ d. Execute Information Warfare.			
Execute			
+ 3. 1.1 Isolate			
+ a. Maneuver and deploy security element(s) to ensure additional enemy forces do not join the battle in a way that forces the action to culminate before mission accomplishment. (Security elements may become fixing elements.)			
Note: Security elements may become fixing elements.			
+ b. Security elements maneuver to a position (or positions) where they can deny the enemy freedom of movement along any ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the objective or interfere with the mission of the assault element.			
+ c. Security elements are equipped and organized such that they can detect enemy forces and prevent them from contacting the rest of the detachment.			
+ d. Security elements normally are assigned a screen, guard, or cover task, but may also be called upon to perform other tactical tasks in support of their purpose, to include: Ambush, Block, Canalize, Contain, Delay, Destroy, Disrupt, Fix, Interdict, and Isolate.			
Note: Other tactical tasks security elements may conduct include: Ambush, Block, Canalize, Contain, Delay, Destroy, Disrupt, Fix, Interdict, and Isolate.			
+ e. Security elements provide early warning, prevent the enemy from gaining further information and prevent enemy maneuver.			
+ 4. 1.2 Suppress			
+ a. Provide lethal and nonlethal suppression.			
+ b. Suppress the enemy force to permit the assault element to move against the enemy position without receiving destructive fire.			
+ 5. 1.3 Assault			
+ a. From the direction where least return fire is possible, the assault element employs surprise, limited visibility, complex terrain, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D) to attain the enemy position while remaining combat effective.			
+ b. Enabling elements conduct actions to permit the assault element to complete the action. These may include: deception, breaching, fixing, disruption, reserve elements.			
+ c. Alter organization and tasks by function to ensure mission success in changing conditions.			
+ d. Maneuver to and seize the enemy position, destroying any forces there.			
Note: The assault element can conduct attack by fire, but this is not an optimal methodology and should only be used when necessary. Typical tactical tasks expected of the assault element are:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clear - Destroy - Occupy - Secure - Seize. 			
Assess			
+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Unit isolates enemy from assistance - (Yes/No)			
+ b. To suppress enemy - (Time)			

OPFOR Execute an Assault

71-CO-8501

+ c. To execute assault - (Time)			
+ d. Enemy position seized - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ f. Combat effectiveness of enemy forces - (Percent)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Execute an Assault

71-CO-8501

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8502

Task Title: OPFOR Execute an Ambush

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct an ambush at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the ambush task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts an ambush in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR observes, ambushes, and destroys the enemy element or force in the kill zone or kill zones. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, kills the enemy and/or captures enemy prisoners, and seizes and/or exploits enemy equipment and materiel in the kill zone. The OPFOR exfiltrates from the ambush site.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes		>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%				80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-				
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%	<=50%		U			

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations to be ambushed.			
+ b. Conduct analysis to determine the type [point or area] ambush or ambushes to be conducted.			
+ c. Identify ambush kill zone or kill zones.			
+ d. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success, and consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, defeat and/or destroy.			
+ e. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ f. Identify situational understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ g. Task organize elements or forces for the ambush task by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ h. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable the ambush, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Conduct continuous reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of enemy and operational environment required for OPFOR success.			
+ b. Conduct continuous counterreconnaissance to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Conduct mission and task rehearsals.			
+ d. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR).			
Execute			
+ 3. Infiltrate			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to fix enemy security or response elements.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to isolate the kill zones(s).			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy an indirect fire position(s) in order to suppress, disrupt, or contain enemy at the kill zone(s).			
+ d. Conduct undetected movement by an ambush element(s) through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to ambush enemy and/or enemy materiel in the kill zone(s).			
+ e. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the raid.			
+ 4. Isolate			
+ a. Conduct security tasks to provide early warning and/or protect the action, support, and security elements. [Other tactical tasks may include but are not limited to: block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, disrupt, fix, interdict, suppress, or neutralize.]			
+ b. Position support elements or forces.			
+ c. Deliver and adjust lethal and/or nonlethal suppression effects on enemy elements or force to be isolated that prevent contact with other enemy elements.			
+ d. Degrade designated enemy elements or force to temporarily prevent those elements or force from assisting the isolated enemy element or force.			
+ e. Maneuver security elements to a position or positions in order to deny the enemy freedom of movement along designated ground or air avenues of approach (AA) that can reinforce enemy elements in the intended kill zone, or otherwise interfere with the tasks of the ambush action and other enabling elements.			
+ 5. Contain			
+ a. Use surprise, limited visibility, complex terrain, emplaced obstacles, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D) and fires to restrict and channel the enemy into the kill zone or kill zones.			
+ b. Stop, hold, or surround enemy elements in the kill zone or cause enemy elements to center their activity to a given front and prevent them from withdrawing any part of the element for use elsewhere.			
+ 6. Ambush			
+ a. Ambush with massed direct and/or indirect fires into the kill zone or kill zones to destroy the enemy.			
+ b. Assault to seize the objective in the kill zone—when designated in the mission task and intent.			
+ c. Support the ambush with appropriate enabling functions that may include but are not limited to: deception, breach, fix, disrupt, and/or employment of reserve elements.			
+ d. Exploit the objective site for enemy prisoners and enemy equipment and materiel—when designated in the mission task and intent.			

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+ e. Consolidate the objective or kill zone area for its temporary occupation and defense while the site is being exploited by OPFOR elements.			
+ f. Reorganize OPFOR elements to minimize the impacts of combat losses and functional capabilities.			
+ 7. Exfiltrate			
+ a. Distribute the reorganized OPFOR elements quickly into small elements for exfiltration along designated exfiltration lanes.			
+ b. Conduct undetected movement from the kill zone and/or objective area by stealth and deception to a designated rally point.			
+ c. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 8. Performance Measures			
+ a. Unit moves to and occupies ambush site without detection - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Unit isolates kill zone from assistance - (Yes/No)			
+ c. To execute ambush - (Time)			
+ d. Enemy in kill zone during projected time window - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Enemy contained in kill zone - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ g. Combat effectiveness of enemy force - (Percent)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the the training objective established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Execute an Ambush

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TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	320
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	1600

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8503

Task Title: OPFOR Execute a Raid

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a raid at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts a raid in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, kills the enemy and/or captures enemy prisoners, and seizes and/or exploits enemy materiel in the objective. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks that can include but is not limited to surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy. The OPFOR exfiltrates from the raid site.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess
Operational Environment		Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above									
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-			
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%		<=50%			U

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations to be raided.			
+ b. Conduct analysis to determine the type of raid to be conducted.			
+ c. Identify raid objective and/or objectives.			
+ d. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success, and consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ e. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ f. Identify situational understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ g. Task-organize elements or forces for the raid task by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ h. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable the raid, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Conduct continuous reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of enemy and operational environment required for success.			
+ b. Conduct continuous counterreconnaissance to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Conduct mission and task rehearsals.			
+ d. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR).			
Execute			
+ 3. Infiltrate			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to fix enemy security or response elements.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to isolate the raid objective.			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy an indirect fires position(s) in order to suppress, disrupt, or contain enemy at raid objective.			
+ d. Conduct undetected movement by a raiding element(s) through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to seize or destroy enemy and/or enemy materiel in the raid objective.			
+ e. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the raid.			
+ 4. Isolate			
+ a. Employ reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the raid.			
+ b. Employ continuous counterreconnaissance with security elements to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking before and during execution of the raid through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ d. Isolate the enemy in the raid objective with support element(s) using indirect fires, nonlethal suppression means, and/or direct fires.			
+ e. Fix enemy security element(s) and/or response elements to prevent or slow support to enemy at the raid objective.			
+ 5. Seize or Destroy			
+ a. Attack with sudden and massed combat power of raiding [action] elements and support [enabling] elements to contain enemy at the raid objective and suppress effective defenses.			
+ b. Assault to breach enemy obstacles with a breaching [enabling] element, if required, when seizure is required in the raid mission task.			
+ c. Assault to penetrate the raid site perimeter with an assault element(s), when taking possession of a designated area is required in the raid mission task.			
+ d. Attack with sudden and massed effects of raiding, security, and support elements, to destroy enemy elements and/or combat systems, without seizure of the raid site, when physical control of the raid objective is not assigned in raid mission purpose and intent.			
+ e. Support the raid with appropriate enabling task functions that may include but are not limited to: deception, disrupt, suppress, fix, breach, clear, and/or employment of reserve elements.			
+ f. Assault with fires and maneuver as sudden and massed combat power of the raiding, security, and support elements to seize the raid objective.			
+ g. Destroy enemy elements at the raid objective and/or secure information, equipment or materiel, and enemy prisoners.			

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+ h. Exploit the raid objective site when designated in the mission task and intent.			
+ i. Consolidate the objective in its temporary seizure and defend while the site is exploited by OPFOR elements.			
+ j. Reorganize OPFOR elements to minimize the impacts of combat losses and functional capabilities.			
+ 6. Exfiltrate			
+ a. Distribute the reorganized OPFOR elements quickly into small elements for exfiltration along designated exfiltration lanes.			
+ b. Conduct timely undetected movement from areas under enemy control by stealth, deception, surprise, or clandestine means.			
+ c. Execute tasks after raid success with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ d. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Unit infiltrates without detection - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Unit isolates enemy from assistance - (Yes/No)			
+ c. To seize or destroy raid target - (Time)			
+ d. To extract/exfiltrate - (Time)			
+ e. Of friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ f. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Execute a Raid

71-CO-8503

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOD	DVC	10
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8504

Task Title: OPFOR Execute a Reconnaissance Attack

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a raid at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts a reconnaissance attack in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, fixes and/or destroys the enemy, and as appropriate, seizes and/or exploits enemy materiel in the objective. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the reconnaissance attack that can include but is not limited to surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes		>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%				80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-				
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%	<=50%		U			

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations to be attacked.			
+ b. Identify reconnaissance attack objective and/or objectives.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ e. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ f. Task-organize elements or forces for the reconnaissance attack by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable the reconnaissance attack, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Conduct continuous reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment required for success.			
+ b. Conduct continuous counterreconnaissance to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements/forces.			
+ d. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the reconnaissance attack.			
Execute			
+ 3. Find			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate and report enemy reconnaissance and/or security elements, response elements, and the primary element or force assigned as the reconnaissance attack target or objective.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to deceive, disrupt, fix, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy security or response elements.			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to occupy a direct fire and indirect fire position(s) in order to isolate reconnaissance attack objectives.			
+ d. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to position other combat power means in order to suppress, disrupt, or contain enemy at the objective.			
+ e. Conduct undetected movement by action element(s) through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to destroy enemy in the objective.			
+ f. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the reconnaissance attack.			
+ 4. Isolate			
+ a. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements in the AOR to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the reconnaissance attack.			
+ b. Employ continuous counterreconnaissance with security elements to destroy enemy reconnaissance elements and to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking before and during execution of the reconnaissance attack through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ d. Fix enemy security element(s) and/or response elements to prevent or slow support to enemy at the reconnaissance attack objective.			
+ e. Isolate the enemy in the reconnaissance attack objective with support element(s) using direct and/or indirect fires, and as appropriate, nonlethal suppression means.			
+ 5. Destroy			
+ a. Attack with sudden and massed combat power of action element(s) and support [enabling] elements to contain enemy at the reconnaissance attack objective and suppress effective defenses.			
+ b. Assault to breach enemy obstacles with a breaching [enabling] element, if required, when seizure of target or objective is required in the mission task.			
+ c. Assault to penetrate the reconnaissance attack objective perimeter with an assault element(s), when taking possession of a designated target or area is required in the mission task.			
+ d. Attack with sudden and massed effects of action, security, and other support elements, to destroy enemy elements and/or combat systems in the kill zone, without seizure of the objective site, when physical control of the objective site is not assigned in mission purpose and intent.			

OPFOR Execute a Reconnaissance Attack

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+ e. Support the reconnaissance attack with appropriate enabling task functions that may include but are not limited to: deception, disrupt, suppress, fix, breach, clear, and/or employment of reserve elements.			
+ f. Destroy enemy elements at the reconnaissance attack objective, and if required in the mission task, secure information, equipment or materiel, and enemy prisoners.			
+ g. Exploit the reconnaissance attack objective when designated in the mission task and intent.			
+ h. Consolidate the objective when temporary seizure is required in mission purpose and intent and defend while OPFOR elements exploit the site.			
+ i. Reorganize OPFOR elements to minimize the impacts of combat losses and functional capabilities.			
+ j. Execute tasks after reconnaissance attack success with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to tasks of: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ k. Conduct timely movement and maneuver of reconnaissance attack elements by stealth, deception, surprise, or clandestine means.			
+ l. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Enemy elements detected and location confirmed - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Counterreconnaissance successful - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Enemy elements isolated from response support - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Enemy destroyed in attack mission success - (Time)			
+ e. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ f. Combat effectiveness of enemy element/force - (Percent)			
+ g. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Execute a Reconnaissance Attack

71-CO-8504

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8505

Task Title: OPFOR Execute Reconnaissance

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct reconnaissance at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts reconnaissance in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts reconnaissance and/or surveillance to accomplish the commander's reconnaissance objective. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the reconnaissance that can include but is not limited to surveillance, and coordination to disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy designated enemy elements and/or capabilities. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess
Operational Environment		Training Environment t (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above									
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-			
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%		<=50%			U

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify reconnaissance objective and/or objectives.			
+ b. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and operational environment information to be obtained or confirmed.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ e. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ f. Task-organize elements-forces for the reconnaissance by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable the reconnaissance, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment required for success.			
+ b. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ c. Assess current counterreconnaissance actions to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ d. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ e. Confirm communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ f. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the reconnaissance.			
Execute			
+ 3. Find			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate and report enemy reconnaissance and/or security elements in predicted enemy locations (PELs) and/or reference zones (RZs) as reconnaissance objective(s).			
+ b. Coordinate with friendly elements-forces in adjacent AORs to ensure overlapping coverage of ZORR and provide early warning of enemy activities and/or operational environment conditions that can impact on reconnaissance mission tasks.			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to locate and/or report information as tasked on operational environment conditions such as key terrain, natural and man-emplaced obstacles and choke points, landing or drop zones, routes trafficability and restrictions, bridges, fords, designated urban areas, facilities, or other aspects of the civilian population and area of operations.			
+ d. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to locate and/or report on enemy main forces, reserves, combat service support (CSS), and command and control (C2) in predicted enemy locations (PELs) of the AOR as reconnaissance objective(s).			
+ e. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to provide direct fires and indirect fires in order to support the reconnaissance mission.			
+ f. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to coordinate combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) to the reconnaissance mission.			
+ g. Conduct undetected movement by action element(s) through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to occupy a position(s), reconnoiter along routes and sites, and/or in designated zones and areas to accomplish assigned and implied reconnaissance tasks.			
+ h. Coordinate with counterreconnaissance elements-forces in the AOR in order to deceive, disrupt, delay, fix, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy security or response elements as part of assigned counterreconnaissance and/or reconnaissance tasks.			
+ i. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the reconnaissance.			
+ 4. Contact			
+ a. Gain undetected contact with designated reconnaissance objective(s).			
+ b. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance at designated objective(s) to achieve situational awareness and understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the reconnaissance.			
+ c. Report accurate and reliable reconnaissance in a timely manner.			
+ d. Engage the enemy and fight for information, when appropriate, to accomplish the commander's reconnaissance information requirements and mission intent.			

+ e. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking before and during execution of the reconnaissance through coordination for information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ f. Conduct timely movement and maneuver of reconnaissance elements by stealth, deception, surprise, or clandestine means.			
+ g. Maintain contact with the enemy with observation and/or technical sensor reconnaissance and surveillance means to sustain current information.			
+ 5. Report			
+ a. Inform counterreconnaissance elements-forces with current information to support their destruction of enemy reconnaissance elements in the counterreconnaissance zone (CRZ) and to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's reconnaissance information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the time and/or tempo allowed for the reconnaissance.			
+ d. Execute tasks with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ e. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance objective accomplished - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Operational environment information obtained - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Report accurate and timely reconnaissance - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Report reconnaissance tasks accomplished - (Percent)			
+ e. Effective counterreconnaissance coordination - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ g. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOS	DVC	10
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8506

Task Title: OPFOR Execute Counterreconnaissance

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct counterreconnaissance at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts counterreconnaissance in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts counterreconnaissance tasks to accomplish the commander's counterreconnaissance objectives. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the counterreconnaissance that can include but are not limited to surveillance, and coordination to disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy designated enemy elements and/or capabilities. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess
Operational Environment		Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment
BDE & Above									
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
60-64%			60-74%	51-64%		P-			
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)	<=59%		<=59%	<=50%	U				

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low**Task Statements****Cue:** None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify counterreconnaissance objective and/or objectives.			
+ b. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and operational environment information to be obtained or confirmed in an AOR.			
+ c. Analyze action, enabling and support functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, delay, fix, contain, breach, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling and support elements.			
+ e. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis by ground maneuver, aviation, and/or other technical capabilities.			
+ f. Task-organize elements-forces for the counterreconnaissance by function IAW TC 7-100.2 and TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how and when functional elements act, enable, and/or support the counterreconnaissance and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance and surveillance and counterreconnaissance actions to provide situational understanding and/or shape operational environment conditions required for destruction of enemy reconnaissance elements, forces, and capabilities.			
+ b. Coordinate the combined arms integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, counterreconnaissance zones (CRZs), reference zones (RZs), routes, predicted enemy locations (PELs), kill zones, and/or special objectives in a disruption zone, battle zone, and/or support zone of an assigned AOR.			
+ c. Coordinate for situational awareness and understanding among friendly elements-forces in an AOR and its zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR) such as long-range reconnaissance (LRR); special purposes forces (SPF); mounted, aerial, and dismounted elements-forces operating in the same AOR-ZORR; and signals reconnaissance intelligence.			
+ d. Assess current counterreconnaissance actions to prevent enemy RISTA from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ e. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action, enabling, and support elements-forces.			
+ f. Confirm secure communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ g. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the mission.			
Execute			
+ 3. Find			
+ a. Coordinate counterreconnaissance ground maneuver, fixed-wing and rotary-wing aviation, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), and/or other technical collection or disruption/electronic warfare assets of OPFOR RISTA to locate, monitor, and set the conditions for actions against designated enemy elements, forces, and/or capabilities.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by counterreconnaissance elements through and/or into an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate and report enemy reconnaissance, surveillance, and/or other security elements in CRZs, RZs, routes, PELs, kill zones, and/or special counterreconnaissance objectives. When identified during counterreconnaissance, report enemy main forces, reserves, combat service support (CSS), and command and control (C2).			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by counterreconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to locate and/or report information as tasked on operational environment conditions such as key terrain, natural and man-emplaced obstacles and choke points, landing or drop zones, routes trafficability and restrictions, bridges, fords, designated urban areas, facilities, or other aspects of the civilian population and area of operations.			
+ d. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to provide direct fires and indirect fires in order to support the counterreconnaissance mission.			
+ e. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to coordinate combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) to the counterreconnaissance mission.			
+ f. Conduct undetected movement and maneuver by action element(s) through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in the AOR to occupy a position(s), reconnoiter along routes and sites and/or in designated zones and areas, to accomplish assigned and implied counterreconnaissance tasks.			
+ g. Coordinate with counterreconnaissance elements-forces in the AOR in order deceive, disrupt, suppress, delay, fix, contain, breach, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy security or response elements as part of assigned counterreconnaissance tasks.			
+ h. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the counter-reconnaissance.			
+ 4. Report			
+ a. Inform counterreconnaissance elements-forces with current information and intelligence to support the destruction of enemy RISTA.			

+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or situational collection updates in a timely manner to satisfy the counterreconnaissance element-force commander's critical and/or recurring reconnaissance, surveillance, and counterreconnaissance information requirements that support the mission intent.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or situational collection updates in a timely manner to the next higher echelon headquarters staff.			
+ d. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the time and or tempo allowed for the counterreconnaissance.			
+ 5. Contact			
+ a. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance to sustain situational awareness and understanding of an operational environment and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the counterreconnaissance mission.			
+ b. Gain and maintain undetected contact with enemy RISTA elements or forces.			
+ c. Engage designated enemy to disrupt enemy tempo of actions in order to accomplish the commander's counterreconnaissance mission intent.			
+ d. Engage the enemy to fix specified enemy elements or forces in order to accomplish the commander's counterreconnaissance mission intent.			
+ e. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking before and during execution of counterreconnaissance tasks through coordination for and conduct of information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ f. Maintain contact with the enemy through observation and/or technical sensor reconnaissance and surveillance means in order to sustain current situational awareness and understanding of the operational environment and enemy.			
+ 6. Destroy			
+ a. Destroy enemy RISTA in designated objective area, zone, and/or specified area.			
+ b. Defeat designated enemy counterreconnaissance, when situational conditions require engagement of these elements-forces, in order to accomplish the counterreconnaissance OPFOR mission to destroy enemy RISTA.			
+ c. Conduct timely movement and maneuver of counterreconnaissance elements by stealth, deception, or clandestine means to enhance freedom of maneuver on follow-on enemy elements or forces.			
+ d. Execute tasks with stay-behind counterreconnaissance elements, as directed, that can include but are not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ e. Report information and intelligence updates to satisfy the commander's counter- reconnaissance mission intent.			
+ f. Conduct continuous stay-behind element or force counterreconnaissance in designated zones and/or areas, as directed, in support of the commander's counterreconnaissance mission intent.			
+ g. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Enemy reconnaissance elements identified - (Percent)			
+ b. Key operational environment information obtained - (Yes/No)			
+ c. To find-report all critical information requirements - (Time)			
+ d. Enemy recon elements unable to contact targets - (Percent)			
+ e. Enemy disrupted effectively in tactical tempo - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Designated enemy effectively fixed - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Designated enemy RISTA destroyed - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ i. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes**NVG Statement:** OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.**Prerequisite Collective Task(s):** None**Supporting Collective Task(s):** None**OPFOR Task(s):** None**Supporting Individual Task(s):** None**Supporting Drill(s):** None**Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):** None**TADSS**

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108

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Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8507

Task Title: OPFOR Execute Defense of a Complex Battle Position

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to establish a CBP at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts complex battle position (CBP) actions in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts reconnaissance and/or surveillance to accomplish the commanders security requirements and CBP mission tasks. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks that can include but is not limited to reconnaissance and surveillance, and coordination to disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy designated enemy elements and/or capabilities. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				<=59%	<=59%		<=50%			U

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

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CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify location that satisfies CBP purpose and supporting requirements.			
+ b. Identify reconnaissance and surveillance objectives for collection and analysis in support of AOR situational awareness and situational understanding requirements.			
+ c. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and other operational environment information.			
+ d. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success such as tasks to deceive, defend, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ e. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling, and support elements.			
+ f. Identify task organization requirements for elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable security missions, defense, combat support and combat service support of CBP, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment required for CBP success.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Task organize elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3 that typically include disruption, main defense, reserve, and support.			
+ d. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ e. Assess current counterreconnaissance actions to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or CBP actions.			
+ f. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ g. Confirm communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ h. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the CBP.			
+ i. Conduct reconnaissance of withdrawal routes and/or exfiltration routes-lanes if a mission condition requires friendly elements-forces to vacate the CBP.			
Execute			
+ 3. Occupy			
+ a. Establish a disruption zone with security elements-forces that provides 360-degree coverage.			
+ b. Move to designated positions and/or battle positions within the complex battle position that include disruption, main defense, reserve, support.			
+ c. Confirm coordination for battle handover between disruption elements-forces and main defense elements-forces and/or reserve.			
+ d. Integrate simple battle positions (SBPs), fires plans, targets, and kill zones for defense.			
+ e. Emplace obstacles in defense of CBP to reinforce terrain and canalize, disrupt, block, fix, or otherwise shape the area of responsibility and probable-possible enemy actions.			
+ f. Position a reserve element-force for rapid movement-maneuver to support, on order, multiple CBP contingencies.			
+ g. Establish caches and sites in or near CBP with redundant combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) capabilities.			
+ h. Protect CBP elements-forces with continual improvement of complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ i. Coordinate with friendly elements-forces not in the task organization and located outside of the main CBP perimeter capable of support assistance in contingencies.			
+ j. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communications.			
+ k. Publish what conditions may require withdrawal of the CBP, and who [the commander] is authorized to direct any withdrawal from the CBP.			
+ l. Report completion of CBP defenses and support operations.			
+ m. Conduct systems warfare actions that focus on critical enemy subsystems.			
+ n. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the defense.			
+ o. Improve CBP defenses with continuous review of C3D measures.			
+ 4. Defend			
+ a. Locate, track, and target enemy elements-forces approaching the CBP.			
+ b. Inform disruption elements-forces with current RISTA information to support CBP purpose.			

OPFOR Execute Defense of a Complex Battle Position

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+ c. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities to deceive, deter, and/or dissuade the enemy from entering the CBP AO.			
+ d. Report accurate tracking of enemy and friendly elements-forces counterreconnaissance success in CBP AOR.			
+ e. Arm or otherwise prepare readiness of explosives and other obstacles for execution.			
+ f. Conduct timely movement, maneuver, and/or positioning of friendly elements-forces to defend in CBP battle zone.			
+ g. On order, engage designated enemy elements-forces with coordinated defenses to deceive, degrade, disrupt, defeat, and/or destroy the enemy.			
+ h. On order, direct the reserve to execute specified tasks in support of the CBP defense.			
+ i. Coordinate actions in the CBP support zone to sustain the defense.			
+ j. Maintain contact with the enemy by observation and/or technical sensor reconnaissance and surveillance means to sustain situational understanding and current information.			
+ k. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ l. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the CBP defense.			
+ 5. Withdrawal			
+ a. If the OPFOR commander directs retention of the CBP, subordinate elements-forces continue the defense, and reorganize combat power to accomplish assigned tasks.			
+ b. If the OPFOR commander determines that the CBP is decisively overmatched, the OPFOR commander can direct a withdrawal operation. Actions based on the tactical situation include but are not limited to:			
(1) Designate disruption zone and main defense direct and indirect fire elements-forces to remain in contact in order to delay the enemy elements-forces attack into the CBP.			
(2) Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by designated combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) elements-forces through withdrawal routes and/or exfiltration routes-lanes in order to disengage from enemy influence and occupy designated sites and/or sanctuary areas in the AOR.			
(3) Conduct withdrawal of designated main defense and reserve elements-forces through withdrawal routes and/or exfiltration routes-lanes in order to disengage from enemy influence and occupy designated sites and/or sanctuary areas in the AOR.			
(4) Update disruption elements-forces with current situational understanding to support destruction of enemy critical subsystems, logistics, and command and control (C2) in follow-on attack and/or support echelons.			
(5) On order, friendly elements-forces in contact with the enemy conduct a withdrawal under pressure, break contact, and occupy designated sites and/or sanctuary areas in the AOR.			
+ c. Report regular information updates of friendly elements-forces available for mission requirements.			
+ d. Execute tasks with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but are not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, defend, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ e. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance at designated objective(s) to achieve situational awareness and understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence mission tasks.			
+ f. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance tasks accomplished - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Key operational environment information obtained - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Report timely surveillance and intelligence - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Security operations provide 360-degree coverage - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Report CBP construction status to completion - (Percent)			
+ f. Camouflage, cover, concealment effective - (Percent)			
+ g. Deception actions effective - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Information warfare (INFOWAR) effective - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Report enemy incursions into disruption zone - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Counterreconnaissance actions effective - (Yes/No)			
+ k. CBP defense effective - (Yes/No)			
+ l. CBP defended for time specified by leader - (Yes/No)			
+ m. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ n. Specified systems warfare missions success - (Percent)			
+ o. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Execute Defense of a Complex Battle Position

71-CO-8507

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOD	DVC	10
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8508

Task Title: OPFOR All Arms Air Defense

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a mission at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized rules of engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts the all-arms air defense drill (AAAD) in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts AAAD to support accomplishing the commanders mission. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the original AAAD drill that can include but is not limited to surveillance and coordination to disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy designated enemy elements and/or capabilities. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess		
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized	% of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above											
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)		Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes		>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%				80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-	
					<=59%		<=59%			<=50%	U

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for air defense collection and analysis.			
+ b. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and operational environment information to be obtained or confirmed.			
+ c. Identify locations or predict enemy airfields; forward arming and refueling points (FARPs); drop, landing, and pickup zones (DZ/LZ/PZ); and helicopter firing positions in the OPFOR unit or organization area of responsibility (AOR) and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ d. Identify locations or predict enemy probable or possible air avenues of approach, air infiltration routes, and/or air routes into and throughout the OPFOR area of responsibility (AOR).			
+ e. Identify OPFOR elements and/or forces to be protected as point and/or area air defense in tactical sectors.			
+ f. State priorities of air defense support to the mission.			
+ g. Determine decision points for simultaneous, sequential, or selected engagement by OPFOR air defense systems:			
(1) In enemy air avenue or route and before entering the airspace over OPFOR ground maneuver forces within an AOR.			
(2) In the airspace above OPFOR battle positions and/or designated point or area locations for air defense.			
+ h. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve drill success. Consider the requirements for air defense of possible follow-on tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ i. Identify affiliated forces such as insurgent organizations, guerrilla units, criminal organizations, and/or coerced or willing relevant population that can perform air defense warning and/or air defense functions.			
+ j. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ k. Plan for mutually supporting and overlapping air defense coverage to air defense priorities of support to the mission.			
+ l. Task-organize elements-forces for the AAAD drill by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence update reports to provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment required for success.			
+ b. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, aerial zones and sectors, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ c. Confirm mutually supporting and overlapping dedicated air defense systems coverage to air defense priorities of support to the mission.			
+ d. Coordinate direct and indirect fires into integrated air defense at tactical echelon maneuver unit.			
+ e. Coordinate and emplace selected countermobility obstacles in conjunction with concealment, camouflage, and deception (C3D) actions.			
+ f. Confirm how and when functional elements act or enable to achieve the designated effects on an enemy aerial element and/or force, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
+ g. Confirm communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ h. Conduct air defense mission and drill rehearsals.			
+ i. Conduct rehearsals of ROE changes and command and control acknowledgement procedures.			
+ j. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR).			
Execute			
+ 3. Execute All Arms Defense			
+ a. Detect and track enemy air asset approach into unit-organization AOR.			
+ b. Report enemy aircraft by type, number of aircraft, direction of movement or maneuver, and other situational information for in predicted enemy locations (PELs), reference zones (RZs), or kill zones.			
+ c. Confirm any restrictions to OPFOR AAAD rules of engagement.			
+ d. Engage enemy aircraft with appropriate weapon systems and in accordance with the unit air defense rehearsals for simultaneous, sequential, or selective fires and/or INFOWAR.			
+ e. Maintain observation and/or technical sensor contact with enemy aircraft to confirm AAAD effects.			
+ f. Observe for additional and/or successive enemy aircraft in AOR.			
+ g. Coordinate with counterreconnaissance elements-forces in order to deceive, disrupt, delay, fix, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy ground and aerial security or response elements to the OPFOR air defense.			

+ 4. Report			
+ a. Report AAAD effects to enemy aircraft.			
+ b. Report enemy aircraft effects on OPFOR area or point locations.			
+ c. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the AAAD concept of operations support.			
+ d. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking before and during execution of the air defense through coordination for information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ e. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's air defense information requirements.			
+ f. Execute tasks with stay-behind or security elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ g. Report reorganization and combat effectiveness of dedicated air defense elements and other elements-forces providing AAAD capabilities.			
+ 5. Continue the Mission			
+ a. Continue air defense of assigned area and point objectives.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment.			
+ d. Coordinate logistics linkup for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) to replenish ammunition and other sustainment actions.			
+ e. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to mission actions.			
+ f. Report accomplishment of subsequent mission task or tasks.			
Assess			
+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Know probable-possible enemy air threat types - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Identify air avenues-routes-sectors-zones - (Yes/No)			
+ c. State air defense priorities of support - (Yes/No)			
+ d. State AAAD rules of engagement - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Integrate RISTA elements into air defense - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Integrate affiliated elements-forces into air defense - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Integrate maneuver elements-forces into AAAD - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Provide mutual support and overlapping coverage - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Assess use of aerial countermobility obstacles - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Confirm AAAD decision points and control status - (Yes/No)			
+ k. Provide early warning of enemy aircraft approach - (Time)			
+ l. Engage enemy aircraft effectively with AAAD - (Time)			
+ m. Report enemy aircraft destroyed and deterred - (Number)			
+ n. Report enemy aircraft to penetrate OPFOR zone - (Number)			
+ o. Tally of aircraft destroyed from known aircraft in zone - (Percent)			
+ p. Report dedicated air defense elements readiness - (Yes/No)			
+ q. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment - (Yes/No)			
+ r. Elements achieve mission task-drill - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8509

Task Title: OPFOR Antilanding Actions

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a mission at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized rules of engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts antilanding actions in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and TC 7-100.3, the order, and higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts antilanding actions to support accomplishing the commanders mission. Elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the antilanding actions that can include but is not limited to reconnaissance and surveillance and coordination to disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, or destroy designated enemy air drop or air landed elements, ground maneuver elements, and support capabilities. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
				<=59%	<=59%		<=50%			U

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for antilanding collection and analysis.			
+ b. Collect current information on enemy element capabilities and limitations and operational environment information to be obtained or confirmed.			
+ c. Identify locations or predict enemy airfields; forward arming and refueling points (FARPs); drop, landing, and pickup zones (DZ/LZ/PZ); and helicopter firing positions.			
+ d. Identify locations or predict enemy probable or possible air and ground avenues of approach, air infiltration routes, and air routes into and throughout the OPFOR area of responsibility (AOR).			
+ e. Identify OPFOR elements to be protected as point or area air defense.			
+ f. State priorities of air defense support to the antilanding actions mission.			
+ g. Determine decision points for simultaneous, sequential, or selected engagement by OPFOR air defense systems.			
+ h. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve task success. Consider the requirements for antilanding actions to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and destroy.			
+ i. Identify regular elements and affiliated elements such as insurgent organizations, guerrilla units, criminal organizations, and coerced or willing relevant population that can perform air defense warning or other air defense functions.			
+ j. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ k. Plan for mutually supporting and overlapping air defense coverage to air defense priorities of support antilanding actions.			
+ l. Task-organize elements-forces for antilanding actions by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence update reports to provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment required for success.			
+ b. Coordinate for the situational awareness and understanding of designated LZs and DZs, aerial axes and routes, and objectives in the disruption, battle, and support zones and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ c. Confirm support relationships and priorities of effort of higher headquarters fires and air defense to the antilanding actions mission.			
+ d. Coordinate direct and indirect fires and air defense measures into antilanding actions for the tactical echelon maneuver unit.			
+ e. Coordinate and emplace selected countermobility obstacles in conjunction with concealment, camouflage, and deception (C3D) actions.			
+ f. Coordinate tactical plans with regular elements and affiliated elements.			
+ g. Confirm how and when functional elements act or enable to achieve the designated effects on an enemy aerial element and transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
+ h. Confirm communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ i. Conduct antilanding action rehearsals of combined arms capabilities, and command and control procedures.			
+ j. Position a reserve for rapid maneuver on order of the OPFOR commander to support antilanding actions.			
+ k. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR).			
Execute			
+ 3. Make Contact			
+ a. Detect and track enemy aerial approach in coordination with tactical updates from the higher headquarters.			
+ b. Report enemy aircraft by type, number of aircraft, direction of movement or maneuver, and other situational information from predicted enemy locations (PELs) and kill zones.			
+ c. Coordinate with higher headquarters to deceive, disrupt, delay, fix, suppress, neutralize, defeat, or destroy enemy ground or aerial maneuver prior to enemy entry.			
+ d. Report any enemy airborne or heliborne elements by unit echelon, type, location, and capability if enemy elements arrive on the ground.			
+ 4. Execute Antilanding Actions			
+ a. Engage enemy aircraft prior to air drop or airland of enemy units.			
+ b. Maintain observation and technical sensor contact with enemy aircraft to confirm antilanding action effects.			
+ c. Report update details of enemy location, disposition, composition, and assessment of enemy combat power in contact.			

+ d. Conduct direct and indirect fires and information warfare (INFOWAR) to suppress or neutralize designated targets.			
+ e. Fix enemy elements at a specific location for a specific period of time.			
+ f. Isolate enemy elements.			
+ g. Report additional and successive enemy aircraft.			
+ h. Destroy enemy air drop or airlanding elements.			
+ 5. Report			
+ a. Report antilanding action effects to enemy aircraft.			
+ b. Report enemy aircraft effects on OPFOR forces.			
+ c. Report destruction of enemy air drop or airlanding operations.			
+ d. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the OPFOR concept of operations support.			
+ e. Report reorganization and combat effectiveness of dedicated air defense elements and other capabilities.			
+ 6. Continue Mission			
+ a. Report regular, periodic, and unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ b. Execute tasks with antilanding elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to reconnaissance and surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and destroy tasks.			
+ c. Coordinate logistics linkup for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) to replenish ammunition.			
+ d. Continue antilanding actions.			

Assess

+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Know probable-possible enemy air threat capabilities - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Know probable-possible enemy air threat objectives - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Identify air and ground avenues into zone - (Yes/No)			
+ d. State air defense priorities of support - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Integrate RISTA and IADS into antilanding actions - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Integrate affiliated and regular elements into actions - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Rehearse combined arms capabilities - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Report all enemy aircraft penetrations to zone - (Time)			
+ i. Employ effective countermobility obstacles - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Engage enemy aircraft before air drop or landing - (Percent)			
+ k. Report enemy aircraft deterred - (Number)			
+ l. Enemy destroyed by ground-to-air elements - (Number)			
+ m. Enemy destroyed by air-to air elements - (Number)			
+ n. Enemy aircraft destroyed - (Percent)			
+ o. Defeat enemy airdrop or airlanding operations - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOS	DVC	10
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8510

Task Title: OPFOR Disrupt

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct counterreconnaissance at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR disrupts in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and TC 7-100.3, the order, and higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts tactical tasks in order to disrupt selected enemy combat systems. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the disrupt task that can include but are not limited to surveillance, and coordination to fix or delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, or destroy designated enemy elements. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess		
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized	% of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above											
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes		>=91%	All	>=90%	T
										75-84%	80-90%
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-	
					<=59%		<=59%			<=50%	U

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify reconnaissance and counterreconnaissance objectives.			
+ b. Identify deception objectives.			
+ c. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and operational environment information to be obtained or confirmed in an AOR.			
+ d. Analyze action, enabling and support functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, suppress, delay, fix, contain, breach, neutralize, defeat, or destroy.			
+ e. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling and support elements.			
+ f. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis by ground maneuver, aviation, and other technical capabilities.			
+ g. Task-organize elements by function IAW TC 7-100.2 and TC 7-100.3.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing reconnaissance and surveillance and counterreconnaissance actions to provide situational understanding and shape operational environment conditions required for destruction of enemy reconnaissance elements, forces, and capabilities.			
+ b. Coordinate the combined arms integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, counterreconnaissance zones (CRZs), reference zones (RZs), routes, predicted enemy locations (PELs), kill zones, and special objectives in a disruption zone, battle zone, and support zone of an assigned AOR.			
+ c. Coordinate for situational awareness and understanding among friendly elements in an AOR and its zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR) such as long-range reconnaissance (LRR); special purposes forces (SPF); mounted, aerial, and dismounted elements operating in the same AOR-ZORR; and signals reconnaissance intelligence.			
+ d. Assess current counterreconnaissance actions to prevent enemy RISTA from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ e. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action, enabling, and support elements.			
+ f. Confirm secure communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ g. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the mission.			
Execute			
+ 3. Find			
+ a. Coordinate reconnaissance and counterreconnaissance ground maneuver, fixed-wing and rotary-wing aviation, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), and other technical collection or disruption/electronic warfare assets of OPFOR RISTA to locate, monitor, and set the conditions for actions against designated enemy elements, forces, and capabilities.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by reconnaissance elements through an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate enemy reconnaissance, surveillance, and other security elements in CRZs, RZs, routes, PELs, kill zones, and special counterreconnaissance objectives. Report enemy security elements, main forces, reserves, combat service support (CSS), and command and control (C2).			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement and maneuver by counterreconnaissance elements through and into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to locate and act on intelligence as tasked in mission order.			
+ d. Conduct actions with counterreconnaissance elements in order deceive, suppress, delay, fix, contain, breach, neutralize, defeat, or destroy enemy security or response elements as part of assigned counterreconnaissance tasks.			
+ e. Report regular, periodic, and situational collection updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical and recurring reconnaissance, surveillance, and counterreconnaissance information requirements that support the mission intent.			
+ f. Destroy enemy RISTA.			
+ g. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the time and or tempo ordered for tasks to disrupt the enemy operation.			
+ h. Conduct security tasks to provide early warning and protect. [Other tactical tasks may include but are not limited to: block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, fix, interdict, suppress, or neutralize.]			
+ 4. Contain			
+ a. Use surprise, limited visibility, complex terrain, emplaced obstacles, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D) and fires to restrict and channel the enemy combat system into the kill zone or kill zones.			
+ b. Conduct INFOWAR activities to convince the enemy commander-leader that he cannot move or decides not to move from the present location.			
+ c. Employ, when appropriate, INFOWAR activities to block or disrupt enemy command and control the enemy element or combat system being disrupted.			

+ d. Employ, when appropriate, relevant population in the target area to physically block, fix, or contain an enemy element.			
+ e. Deliver lethal and nonlethal suppression effects on the designated combat system to isolate the combat system from contact with other enemy elements.			
+ f. Conduct direct and indirect fires and associated INFOWAR actions to suppress or neutralize designated targets.			
+ g. Execute selected countermobility obstacles in conjunction with direct and indirect fires and obscuration.			
+ h. Block, fix, or contain enemy elements in the kill zone or kill zones, and cause enemy elements to center their activity to a given front and prevent them from withdrawing any part of the element-force for use elsewhere.			
+ i. Deny enemy elements freedom of movement and maneuver in a designated location or kill zone for specified period of time when in concert with mission intent.			
+ j. Degrade designated enemy elements to temporarily prevent those elements from assisting the isolated enemy element.			
+ k. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ l. Deny the enemy freedom of movement and maneuver along ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the enemy combat system or interfere with friendly forces movement and maneuver.			
+ 5. Destroy			
+ a. Attack with sudden and massed effects by action, security, and support elements, to destroy enemy elements.			
+ b. Destroy enemy designated combat systems.			
+ c. Destroy enemy designated elements.			
+ 6. Continue Mission			
+ a. Consolidate and reorganize OPFOR elements to minimize the impacts of combat losses and functional capabilities.			
+ b. Reorganize OPFOR elements quickly to adjust to changing conditions.			
+ c. Retain a reserve element.			
+ d. Conduct timely undetected movement from or into areas under enemy control by stealth, deception, surprise, or clandestine means.			
+ e. Execute tasks with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to: surveillance, fix, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, or destroy tasks.			
+ f. Conduct continuous element reconnaissance and counter-reconnaissance in designated zones and areas.			
+ g. Report information and intelligence updates to satisfy the commander's mission intent.			
+ h. Coordinate for logistics linkup points for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) in support of rapid offensive or defensive momentum and objectives.			
+ i. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the time and or tempo ordered for tasks to disrupt the enemy operation.			
+ j. Continue the mission.			
Assess			
+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance locates and targets high value targets - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Key operational environment factors confirmed - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Counterreconnaissance destroys HVT RISTA - (Yes/No)			
+ d. OPFOR security operations provide 360-degree coverage - (Time)			
+ e. Information warfare (INFOWAR) deceives enemy - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Countermobility obstacles block or canalize in support of scheme - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Position action, enabling, and support elements - (Time)			
+ h. Camouflage, cover, and concealment effective - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Designated combat systems contained or destroyed - (Yes/No)			
+ j. All-arms air defense effective against fixed-rotary aircraft - (Yes/No)			
+ k. Relevant population provides effective support to task - (Yes/No)			
+ l. Reserve in position and ready for immediate action - (Yes/No)			
+ m. Elements effectively disrupt enemy scheme - (Yes/No)			
+ n. Combat effectiveness of enemy formation - (Percent)			
+ o. Friendly elements available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ p. Report mission task success to higher headquarters - (Yes/No)			
+ q. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment - (Yes/No)			
+ r. Conduct logistic linkup, consolidate, and reorganize - (Time)			
+ s. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			
+ t. Continue mission - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

OPFOR Disrupt

71-CO-8510

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8511

Task Title: OPFOR Actions On Contact

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a specified course of action. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts action on contact in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, fixes, bypasses and/or destroys the enemy. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the action on contact that can include but is not limited to surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
60-64%				60-74%	51-64%		P-			
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)	<=59%			<=59%	<=50%		U			

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations that may be encountered.			
+ b. Identify mission objective and/or objectives.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, neutralize, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ e. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ f. Task-organize elements or forces for the mission by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable action on contact, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment from current reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence reports.			
+ b. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of actions on contact.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ d. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ e. Conduct counterreconnaissance actions that prevent enemy situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or offensive actions.			
+ f. Tailor element or force capabilities considering anticipated complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ g. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ h. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communication requirements and capabilities.			
Execute			
+ 3. Find			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate and report enemy elements.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to deceive, disrupt, fix, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy security or response elements.			
+ 4. Fix			
+ a. Report contact and critical details of enemy location, disposition, composition, and assessment of enemy combat power in contact.			
+ b. Report the commander's assessment of the tactical situation, and whether or not making contact with the enemy constitutes a change in his OPFOR primary course of action.			
+ c. Designate security elements making contact as fixing elements.			
+ d. Prevent the enemy from moving any part of his force from a specific location for a specific period of time in order to prevent the enemy from influencing OPFOR courses of action.			
+ e. Reinforce the fixing elements with minimum support necessary to sustain fix task.			
+ f. Provide early warning of additional approaching enemy forces and prevent them from gaining further information on the OPFOR elements-forces not in contact.			
+ 5. Isolate			
+ a. Deny the enemy freedom of movement and maneuver along ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the enemy or interfere with friendly maneuver. As required—ambush, block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, disrupt, fix, suppress, neutralize, interdict, and/or isolate.			
+ b. Prevent the enemy from gaining further information of OPFOR intentions.			
+ c. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ d. Conduct direct and indirect fires and information warfare (INFOWAR) to suppress and/or neutralize designated targets.			
+ e. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements in the AOR to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the mission.			
+ f. Employ continuous counterreconnaissance with security elements to destroy enemy reconnaissance elements and to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			

+ g. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ h. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to occupy a direct fire and indirect fire position(s) in order to isolate designated elements of the enemy force.			
+ 6. Continue Mission			
+ a. Maneuver to bypass or destroy designated enemy in contact.			
+ b. Continue rapid forward momentum of elements to assigned objective or objectives.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ d. Inform follow-on elements of any situational countermobility obstacles emplaced during the mission route or axis of advance.			
+ e. Coordinate for logistics linkup points for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) in support of rapid offensive momentum and objectives.			
+ f. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to mission actions.			
+ g. Report accomplishment of subsequent mission task or tasks.			

Assess

+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Enemy elements detected and location confirmed - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Enemy fixed - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Commander assesses and reports without main body being in contact - (Yes/No)			
+ d. To report contact and tactical situation - (Time)			
+ e. Enemy elements isolated from response support - (Yes/No)			
+ f. To choose current mission or new course of action - (Time)			
+ g. Correctness of initial assessment of enemy - (Percent)			
+ h. OPFOR does not become decisively engaged - (Yes/No)			
+ i. OPFOR available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ j. Combat effectiveness of enemy element/force - (Percent)			
+ k. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOD	DVC	10

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8512

Task Title: OPFOR Situational Breach

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) with a mission task, purpose, and intent. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish a mission task that may require a situational breach. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts situational breach actions in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, coordinates reconnaissance, surveillance, intelligence and target acquisition (RISTA) actions to accomplish the commander's security requirements, acts to rapidly isolate, secure, and penetrate an obstacle, and continues the momentum of movements and maneuver. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess		
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures	Task Assessment	
BDE & Above											
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T	
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-	
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-	

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify reconnaissance and surveillance objectives for collection and analysis in support of AOR situational awareness and situational understanding requirements.			
+ b. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations and other operational environment information.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission and collective drill success for a situational breach.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling, and support elements.			
+ e. Identify task organization requirements for elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/ TC 7-100.3.			
+ f. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable security tasks, offensive actions, combat support and combat service support, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
+ g. Identify time constraints and/or restrictions on accomplishing the mission and supporting requirements.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment from current reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence reports.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Task organize elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3 that typically include security, support, breach, assault, and reserve.			
+ d. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ e. Conduct counterreconnaissance actions that prevent enemy situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or offensive actions.			
+ f. Tailor elements capabilities considering anticipated complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ g. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces, and the action element subtasks in the transition and rapid momentum of the breaching element and the assault element.			
+ h. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communication requirements and capabilities.			
+ i. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of offensive actions.			
Execute			
+ 3. Isolate			
+ a. Infiltrate security elements to conduct reconnaissance of obstacles.			
+ b. Conduct counterreconnaissance to destroy or defeat enemy security elements.			
+ c. Report when a practical bypass exists to obstacles.			
+ d. Provide early warning of enemy actions that can influence the situational breach.			
+ e. Detect enemy forces and prevent them from contacting the enemy near the breach site.			
+ f. Deny the enemy freedom of movement and maneuver along ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the enemy at the breach site or interfere with the tasks of the breach and/or assault elements. As required—ambush, block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, disrupt, fix, suppress, neutralize, interdict, and/or isolate.			
+ g. Prevent the enemy from gaining further information.			
+ h. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the situational breach.			
+ i. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ j. Obscure the breach site and surrounding terrain from enemy visual and technical observation.			
+ k. Conduct direct and indirect fires and information warfare (INFOWAR) to suppress and/or neutralize designated targets.			
+ l. Initiate breach element actions at the breach point.			
+ 4. Secure			
+ a. Target enemy elements in vicinity of the breach site.			
+ b. Neutralize enemy defending the breach site.			
+ c. Continue direct and indirect fires to suppress designated targets.			
+ d. Coordinate obscuration of breach site and surrounding terrain to prevent enemy visual and technical observation.			

+ e. Report progress as each obstacle is reduced.			
+ f. Lift and/or shift fires as the breach element progresses through the obstacles.			
+ g. Report the initial passage lane marked and secure.			
+ h. Call forward the assault element to continue the attack momentum.			
+ 5. Penetrate			
+ a. Guide the assault element quickly through the marked passage lane.			
+ b. Support the rapid advance of the assault element and follow-on elements through the passage lane.			
+ c. Report when trail element of the action element has exited the far side of passage lane.			
+ d. Inform follow-on elements of any enemy explosive obstacles marked and bypassed along passage lane.			
+ e. Seize or secure objective beyond passage lane exit.			
+ f. Report status of casualties and location of friendly element casualty collection point in vicinity of passage lane.			
+ 6. Continue Mission			
+ a. Continue rapid forward momentum of elements to assigned objective or objectives.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Inform follow-on elements of any situational countermobility obstacles emplaced during the breach to protect the passage lane and route or axis of advance.			
+ d. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment.			
+ e. Coordinate for logistics linkup points for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) in support of rapid offensive momentum and objectives.			
+ f. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to mission actions.			
+ g. Report accomplishment of subsequent mission task or tasks.			

Assess

+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance identifies obstacles to breach - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Confirm no timely bypass to obstacles (Yes/No)			
+ c. Counterreconnaissance actions effective - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Report timely reconnaissance-intelligence update - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Deception actions are effective - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Conduct of covert breach not feasible - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Position action and enabling elements - (Time)			
+ h. Isolate breach site from enemy - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Obscure breach site - (Time)			
+ j. Suppress and fix enemy in breach site vicinity - (Yes/No)			
+ k. Report initiation of breach - (Yes/No)			
+ l. Neutralize enemy defending breach site and secure - (Yes/No)			
+ m. Penetrate obstacle and seize or secure objective - (Time)			
+ n. Mark passage lane for follow-on elements - (Yes/No)			
+ o. Report breach complete and onward maneuver - (Time)			
+ p. Follow-on elements complete lane passage - (Time)			
+ q. Reserve remains an uncommitted element - (Yes/No)			
+ r. Friendly forces available to rapidly continue mission - (Percent)			
+ s. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment - (Yes/No)			
+ t. Elements achieve mission task - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8513

Task Title: OPFOR Break Contact

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a specified course of action. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts break contact in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, fixes, bypasses and/or destroys the enemy. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the action on contact that can include but is not limited to surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T	
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-	
	Day		65-74%	75-79%	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P		
			60-64%	60-74%	51-64%			P-		
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%	<=50%		U			

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations that may be encountered.			
+ b. Identify mission objective and/or objectives.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, neutralize, fix, contain, breach, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ e. Anticipate forms of contact and identify means of retaining freedom of maneuver under those conditions.			
+ f. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ g. Task-organize elements or forces for the mission by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ h. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable action on contact, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment from current reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence reports.			
+ b. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of break contact.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ d. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ e. Conduct counterreconnaissance actions that prevent enemy situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or offensive actions.			
+ f. Tailor element or force capabilities considering anticipated complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ g. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ h. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communication requirements and capabilities.			
Execute			
+ 3. Protect			
+ a. Determine the form of contact (Direct Fire, Sensor collection, Obstacles, CBRN, Air, IDF, EW).			
+ b. Take immediate steps to protect the unit from this form of contact or set of forms of contact.			
+ c. Select alternate routes/assembly areas and positions.			
+ d. Select routes and positions that make use of covering and concealing terrain.			
+ e. Employ mobility and counter-mobility actions.			
+ f. Employ man-made concealment and obscurity.			
+ g. Employ deception.			
+ 4. Retain Freedom to Maneuver			
+ a. Reduce elements in contact to only security element(s).			
+ b. Select one or more routes that permit continued maneuver out of contact while continuing the mission.			
+ c. Fix and isolate enemy maneuver forces.			
+ 5. Fix			
+ a. Report contact and critical details of enemy location, disposition, composition, and assessment of enemy combat power in contact.			
+ b. Report the commander's assessment of the tactical situation, and whether or not making contact with the enemy constitutes a change in his OPFOR primary course of action.			
+ c. Designate security elements making contact as fixing elements.			
+ d. Prevent the enemy from moving any part of his force from a specific location for a specific period of time in order to prevent the enemy from influencing OPFOR courses of action.			
+ e. Reinforce the fixing elements with minimum support necessary to sustain fix task.			
+ f. Provide early warning of additional approaching enemy forces and prevent them from gaining further information on the OPFOR elements-forces not in contact.			
+ 6. Isolate			
+ a. Deny the enemy freedom of movement and maneuver along ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the enemy or interfere with friendly maneuver. As required—ambush, block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, disrupt, fix, suppress, neutralize, interdict, and/or isolate.			
+ b. Prevent the enemy from gaining further information of OPFOR intentions.			

+ c. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ d. Conduct direct and indirect fires and information warfare (INFOWAR) to suppress and/or neutralize designated targets.			
+ e. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements in the AOR to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the mission.			
+ f. Employ continuous counterreconnaissance with security elements to destroy enemy reconnaissance elements and to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ g. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ h. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to occupy a direct fire and indirect fire position(s) in order to isolate designated elements of the enemy force.			
+ 7. Assess and Report			
+ a. Commander reports to the chain of command the form of contact he has made, critical details of its composition and his assessment.			
+ 8. Continue Mission			
+ a. Maneuver to avoid, bypass or destroy designated enemy in contact.			
+ b. Continue rapid forward momentum of elements to assigned objective or objectives.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ d. Inform follow-on elements of any situational counter mobility obstacles emplaced during the mission route or axis of advance.			
+ e. Coordinate for logistics linkup points for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) in support of rapid offensive momentum and objectives.			
+ f. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to mission actions.			
+ g. Report accomplishment of subsequent mission task or tasks.			
Assess			
+ 9. Performance Measures			
+ a. To identify type(s) and source(s) of contact - (Time)			
+ b. To select and implement appropriate protective measures - (Time)			
+ c. Commander assesses and reports without main body being in contact - (Yes/No)			
+ d. To report contact and tactical situation - (Time)			
+ e. Enemy elements fixed and isolated from response support - (Yes/No)			
+ f. To choose current mission or new course of action - (Time)			
+ g. Correctness of initial assessment of enemy - (Percent)			
+ h. OPFOR does not become decisively engaged - (Yes/No)			
+ i. OPFOR available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ j. OPFOR available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ k. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10

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Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8514

Task Title: OPFOR Fix

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) with a mission task, purpose, and intent. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish a mission task that may require a situational breach. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts the fix task-drill in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, conducts the fix task-drill to support accomplishing the commander's mission, acts rapidly to prevent enemy movement, maintains OPFOR freedom of movement and/or maneuver, and retains the tactical initiative. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T	
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-	
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
			60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-	
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%	<=50%			U		

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

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WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify reconnaissance and surveillance objectives for collection and analysis in support of AOR situational awareness and situational understanding requirements.			
+ b. Identify elements and/or forces that are to be fixed in support of the mission.			
+ c. Collect current information on enemy element-force capabilities and limitations, locations, and other operational environment information.			
+ d. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission and collective drill success for a fix drill.			
+ e. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling, and support elements.			
+ f. Identify task organization requirements for elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/ TC 7-100.3.			
+ g. Determine how functional elements act or enable security tasks, fix the designated enemy element and/or force, other offensive actions, combat support and combat service support, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
+ h. Identify time constraints and/or restrictions on accomplishing the mission and supporting requirements of a fix task-drill.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment from current reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence reports.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Task organize elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3 that provide capabilities to fix enemy.			
+ d. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ e. Conduct counterreconnaissance actions that prevent enemy situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or offensive actions.			
+ f. Tailor elements capabilities considering anticipated complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ g. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces, and the action subtasks to fix an enemy element-force.			
+ h. Coordinate for required direct and indirect fires.			
+ i. Coordinate and prepare to emplace selected countermobility obstacles in conjunction with concealment, camouflage, cover, and deception actions.			
+ j. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communication requirements and capabilities.			
+ k. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of offensive actions.			
Execute			
+ 3. Prevent Movement			
+ a. Confirm current enemy conditions at the enemy location, and/or direction and speed or tempo of movement-maneuver of enemy elements-forces to be fixed.			
+ b. Coordinate with friendly elements-forces in adjacent AORs to ensure overlapping coverage of zones of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORRs) and provide early warning of enemy activities and/or operational environment conditions that can impact on fix task-drill.			
+ c. Conduct counterreconnaissance tasks to destroy or defeat enemy security elements that can influence fix task-drill.			
+ d. Detect enemy elements-forces along ground or air avenues of approach in the vicinity of enemy to be fixed that can influence success of the fix task-drill, and coordinate to disrupt, delay, or deny access of those enemy elements-forces to assist the fixed enemy.			
+ e. Maintain contact with the enemy to be fixed with observation and/or technical sensor reconnaissance and surveillance means to sustain current situational information.			
+ f. Emplace selected stationary countermobility obstacles in conjunction with concealment, camouflage, cover, and deception actions.			
+ g. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ h. Conduct undetected movement by action and enabling element(s) to occupy simple battle position(s) and/or support locations for security tasks and the fix drill.			
+ i. Execute actions that convince the enemy commander-leader that he cannot move from the present location.			
+ j. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the fix drill that convinces the enemy commander-leader to not move from the present location.			

+ 4. Execute Fix			
+ a. Provide security for action and enabling element(s) that execute the fix drill.			
+ b. Engage enemy elements-forces with direct and indirect fires in the fix location or kill zone.			
+ c. Suppress and/or neutralize enemy elements-forces in the fix location or kill zone.			
+ d. Execute selected mobile countermobility obstacles in conjunction with direct and indirect fires and obscuration.			
+ e. Conduct INFOWAR perception management activities to convince the enemy commander-leader that he cannot move or decides not to move from the present location.			
+ f. Employ, when appropriate, INFOWAR electronic warfare activities to block or disrupt enemy command and control in support of fixing the enemy element-force.			
+ g. Employ, when appropriate, relevant population in the target area to physically block, contain, or disrupt an enemy element-force in support of fix.			
+ h. Deny enemy elements-forces freedom of movement and maneuver in a designated location or kill zone for specified period of time.			
+ i. Achieve the fix purpose that can include an intent to contain, isolate, suppress, neutralize, interdict, defeat, and/or destroy selected enemy elements-forces.			
+ 5. Continue Mission			
+ a. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's situational awareness and situational understanding requirements.			
+ b. Execute tasks with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but is not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy tasks.			
+ c. Report reorganization and combat effectiveness of OPFOR elements-forces.			
+ d. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the time and/or tempo for current and/or subsequent mission tasks.			
+ e. Continue the mission.			

Assess

+ 6. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance identifies enemy to fix - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Counterreconnaissance actions effective - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Report timely reconnaissance-intelligence update - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Deception actions are effective - (Yes/No)			
+ e. To select fix actions/method - (Time)			
+ f. To position action and enabling elements - (Time)			
+ g. To isolate enemy - (Time)			
+ h. To execute fix actions - (Time)			
+ i. Elements achieve fix task - (Time)			
+ j. Report effective fix of enemy - (Yes/No)			
+ k. Friendly forces available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ l. Recommend if mission task requires adjustment - (Yes/No)			
+ m. Continue mission - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOS	DVC	10
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	153
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

25 Feb 2010

Effective Date: 11 Nov 2016

Task Number: 71-CO-8515

Task Title: OPFOR Fire and Maneuver

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces https://armypubs.us.army.mil/doctrine/DR_pubs/dr_aa/pdf/tc7_100x3.pdf	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a specified course of action. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task-drill. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts fire and maneuver in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, fixes, bypasses and/or destroys the enemy. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks to the action on contact that can include but is not limited to surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy. The OPFOR continues the mission.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
					<=59%		<=59%			<=50%

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations that may be encountered.			
+ b. Identify mission objective and/or objectives.			
+ c. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success. Consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, neutralize, fix, contain, breach, bypass, defeat, and/or destroy.			
+ d. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements.			
+ e. Identify situational awareness and understanding requirements for collection and analysis.			
+ f. Coordinate the integration of available RISTA assets for continuous and overlapping coverage of designated areas, zones, routes, and/or special objectives in the AOR, and zone of reconnaissance responsibility (ZORR).			
+ g. Conduct counterreconnaissance actions that prevent enemy situational understanding of OPFOR intentions and/or offensive actions.			
+ h. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable fire and maneuver, and/or transition to other tasks-subtasks.			
+ i. Task-organize elements or forces for the mission by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Provide situational understanding of the enemy and operational environment from current reconnaissance, surveillance, and intelligence reports.			
+ b. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of fire and maneuver.			
+ c. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ d. Tailor element or force capabilities considering anticipated complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ e. Conduct mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ f. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communication requirements and capabilities.			
Execute			
+ 3. Make Contact			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by reconnaissance elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an area of responsibility (AOR) to locate and report enemy elements.			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to deceive, disrupt, fix, delay, suppress, neutralize, defeat, and/or destroy enemy security or response elements.			
+ c. Designate security elements making contact as fixing elements.			
+ d. Initiate fires with fixing element to fix enemy element.			
+ 4. Fix			
+ a. Report contact and critical details of enemy location, disposition, composition, and assessment of enemy combat power in contact.			
+ b. Report the commander's assessment of the tactical situation, and whether or not making contact with the enemy constitutes a change in his OPFOR primary course of action.			
+ c. Prevent the enemy from moving any part of his force from a specific location for a specific period of time in order to prevent the enemy from influencing the OPFOR courses of action.			
+ d. Reinforce the fixing elements with minimum support necessary to sustain fix task.			
+ e. Provide early warning of additional approaching enemy forces and prevent them from gaining further information on the OPFOR elements-forces not in contact.			
+ 5. Isolate			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through and/or into an area occupied by enemy elements in an AOR to occupy a direct fire and indirect fire position(s) in order to isolate designated elements of the enemy force.			
+ b. Deny the enemy freedom of movement and maneuver along ground or air avenues of approach that can reinforce the enemy or interfere with friendly maneuver. As required—ambush, block, canalize, contain, delay, destroy, disrupt, fix, suppress, neutralize, interdict, and/or isolate.			
+ c. Prevent the enemy from gaining further information of OPFOR intentions.			
+ d. Position a reserve element for rapid movement-maneuver, on order of the OPFOR commander, to support the mission.			
+ e. Conduct direct and indirect fires and information warfare (INFOWAR) to suppress and/or neutralize designated targets.			

+ f. Employ continuous reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements in the AOR to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the mission.			
+ g. Employ continuous counterreconnaissance with security elements to destroy enemy reconnaissance elements and to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions.			
+ h. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decisionmaking through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities.			
+ 6. Maneuver			
+ a. Maneuver to defeat, destroy, or bypass designated enemy in contact.			
+ b. Report regular, periodic, and/or unexpected information updates in a timely manner to satisfy the commander's critical information requirements and mission intent.			
+ c. Inform follow-on elements of any situational countermobility obstacles emplaced during maneuver.			
+ d. Continue rapid forward momentum of elements to assigned objective or objectives.			
+ 7. Continue Mission			
+ a. Coordinate for logistics linkup points for combat support (CS) and combat service support (CSS) in support of rapid offensive momentum and objectives.			
+ b. Recommend if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to mission actions.			
+ c. Report accomplishment of subsequent mission task or tasks.			
+ d. Continue mission.			
Assess			
+ 8. Performance Measures			
+ a. Enemy elements detected and location confirmed - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Leader assesses without main body in contact - (Yes/No)			
+ c. Leader designates action and support element - (Time)			
+ d. Support element suppresses/neutralizes enemy - (Time)			
+ e. Support element fixes enemy - (Time)			
+ f. Security element isolates enemy from support - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Action element moves-maneuvers to position - (Time)			
+ h. Action element transitions to support-fix task - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Action [former support] element moves-maneuvers - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Action element assaults to defeat/destroy enemy - (Time)			
+ k. To complete each fire and maneuver sequence - (Time)			
+ l. To assault and bypass, defeat, or destroy enemy - (Time)			
+ m. OPFOR available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ n. Combat effectiveness of enemy element/force - (Percent)			
+ o. To continue mission - (Time)			
+ p. Stay-behind elements achieve mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s): None

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	0
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	0
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
L 30-06S-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Small	TA	33
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
23-94	MILES XXI (STRYKER) Common Kit	DVC	0
23-96	M1A1/A2/System Enhanced Package (SEP) Tank, (MILES XXI)	DVC	10
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISM0D	DVC	10
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
L 30-06M-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms MED	TA	69
L 30-06L-FSH	OPFOR Uniforms Large	TA	33
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
23-92	Main Gun Signature Simulator (MGSS) (MILES 2000)	DVC	10
23-95	M2A2/M3A3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle, (MILES XXI)	DVC	8
L 20-STAR-S	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) SM	TA	36
L 20-STAR-M	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Star) Med	TA	6
L 20-STAR-L	OPFOR Vehicle Marker (Large)	TA	40
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-106	Instrumentable Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (I-MILES) Tactical Vehicle System (TVS)	DVC	18
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	0

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1330-00-289-6851	J77626	Grenade, Hand Green Smoke: M18	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6

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Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

20 Jan 2017

Effective Date: 20 Jan 2017

Task Number: 71-CO-8516

Task Title: OPFOR Execute an Act of Terrorism

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 FDO foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	No
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	No
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	No
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	No

Conditions: *Terrorism* is the use of violence or threat of violence, often motivated by religious, political, or other ideological beliefs, to instill fear and coerce governments or societies in pursuit of goals that are usually political. Acts of terrorism demonstrate an intention to cause significant psychological or physical effects on a relevant population through the use or threat of violence. Terrorism is typically a long-term commitment to degrade the resilience of an enemy in order to obtain concessions from an enemy.

The OPFOR is conducting operations independently or as part of a larger element or force and receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct an act of terrorism at a location and time specified. The order includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics. Task organization provides the combat power capabilities to accomplish the task. The OPFOR has communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly force and enemy coalition forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). The OPFOR is not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and does not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: The OPFOR conducts terrorism in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3, the order, and/or higher commander's guidance. The OPFOR, IAW the mission order, considers a full range of regular and irregular forces capabilities in order to erode an enemys power, influence, and will. Stay-behind elements, on order, conduct varied follow-on tasks that can include but is not limited to reconnaissance and surveillance, disruption, delay, information warfare (INFOWAR) activities, and/or subsequent threats or acts of terrorism. The OPFOR typically breaks contact or exfiltrates from an attack site and occupies a safe haven. An exception is an act of terrorism that involves suicide by actors in conducting the terrorism.

NOTE: Motivations for initiating or continuing acts of terrorism can include but are not limited to:

- Spotlight attention on unresolved grievances with an enemy.
- Disrupt an enemy's ability to continue actions against the OPFOR.
- Champion causes of a suppressed and/or disenfranchised segment of a relevant population.
- Demonstrate regular and irregular force capabilities.
- Obtain active and passive support from a relevant population.
- Receive overt and covert support from a state or non-state actor.
- Deter continued enemy military operations in a particular geographic area.
- Dissuade enemy governmental influence over a relevant population.
- Develop acquiesce and/or active support of relevant population for OPFOR operations.
- Cause an enemy to overreact to acts of terror and correspondingly alienate a relevant population.

Activities that an opposing force can use to conduct terrorism include but are not limited to-

Threat-Hoax
Arson

Sabotage
Bombing
Assassination
Bribery
Cyber Attack
Extortion
Hostage-Taking
Information Warfare
Kidnapping
Assault-Maiming
Murder
Theft
Robbery
Trafficking (Human, Technology, Commodities, Contraband)
Suicide Attack
Weapon of Mass Destruction Attack: chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear, and can include toxic industrial chemicals (TIC) or toxic industrial materials (TIM).

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are based on an armor company headquarters with two armor platoons, one IFV platoon and one dismounted infantry platoon to replicate non-conventional threat. Adjust as needed based on the force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.		>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day			65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
					<=59%		<=59%			<=50%

Remarks: None**Notes:** None**Safety Risk:** Low

Task Statements

Cue: None**DANGER**

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
Plan			
+ 1. Plan			
+ a. Identify enemy element or force capabilities and limitations to be attacked			
+ b. Conduct broad target analysis			
+ c. Select specific target or targets			
+ d. Determine the method and desired effect of terrorism to be conducted			
+ e. Identify kill zone or kill zones			
+ f. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success, and consider tasks to deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, isolate, contain, defeat and/or destroy			
+ g. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action and enabling elements			
+ h. Identify situational understanding requirements for collection and analysis			
+ i. Task-organize elements or forces for the act of terrorism by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3			
+ j. Determine how and when functional elements act or enable the terrorism and transition to other tasks-subtasks			
Prepare			
+ 2. Prepare			
+ a. Conduct continuous reconnaissance and surveillance to provide situational understanding of enemy and operational environment required for OPFOR success			
+ b. Conduct continuous counterreconnaissance to prevent the enemy from obtaining situational understanding of OPFOR intentions			
+ c. Conduct mission and task rehearsals			
+ d. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR)			
Execute			
+ 3. Infiltrate			
+ a. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by security elements through or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to fix enemy security or response elements			
+ b. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to isolate the kill zones(s)			
+ c. Conduct undetected and sequenced movement by support elements through or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy an indirect fire position(s) in order to suppress, disrupt, neutralize, or contain enemy at the kill zone(s)			
+ d. Conduct undetected movement by an action element(s) through or into an area occupied by enemy elements to occupy a position(s) in order to attack (for example: assault, ambush, or raid) enemy and/or enemy materiel in the kill zone(s)			
+ e. Determine if current tactical conditions require an adjustment to the terrorism			
+ 4. Isolate			
+ a. Employ reconnaissance and surveillance with security elements to sustain situational understanding and provide early warning of enemy activities that can influence the act of terrorism			
+ b. Influence (deceive, degrade, disrupt, deny, and/or exploit) enemy tactical decision making before and during execution of the raid through information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities			
+ c. Isolate the enemy in the kill zone with support element(s) using indirect fires, nonlethal suppression means, and/or direct fires			
+ d. Fix enemy security element(s) and/or response elements to prevent or slow support to enemy at the terrorism objective			
+ 5. Execute Act of Terrorism			
+ a. Attack with sudden and massed combat power of action and support elements to contain enemy in the kill zone or kill zones			
+ b. Support the act of terrorism with appropriate enabling task functions that may include but are not limited to: deceive, disrupt, suppress, fix, breach, clear, or seize			
+ c. Assault with fires and maneuver as sudden and massed combat power of the raiding, security, and support elements to seize the raid objective			
+ d. Destroy enemy elements in the kill zone or kill zones			
+ e. Exploit the terrorism objective when designated in the mission task and intent			
+ f. Consolidate the objective site, when appropriate, and defend while the site is exploited by OPFOR elements			
+ g. Reorganize OPFOR elements to minimize the impacts of combat losses and functional capabilities			
+ 6. Continue Mission			

+ a. Conduct timely undetected movement from the kill zone or kill zones, or break contact from enemy elements, and occupy safe haven			
+ b. Execute tasks after the act of terrorism with stay-behind elements, when required, that can include but are not limited to: surveillance, disrupt, delay, suppress, neutralize, defend, defeat, and/or destroy tasks			
+ c. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of psychological effects to intimidate the relevant population and degrade confidence in existing governance and security of the relevant population			
+ d. Continue the mission			
Assess			
+ 7. Performance Measures			
+ a. Reconnaissance locates high value target - (Yes/No)			
+ b. Key operational environment factors confirmed - (Yes/No)			
+ c. OPFOR security provides 360-degree coverage - (Time)			
+ d. Information warfare (INFOWAR) deceives enemy - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Infiltrate action, enabling, and support elements - (Time)			
+ f. Isolate enemy in kill zone - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Fix enemy response elements from kill zone - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Attack to destroy enemy target in kill zone - (Time)			
+ i. Exploit objective site as appropriate to mission - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Combat effectiveness of enemy in kill zone - (Percent)			
+ k. OPFOR available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ l. Stay-behind OPFOR accomplish mission tasks - (Yes/No)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
ART 5.0	Conduct Mission Command

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	2
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	2
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	2
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOD	DVC	10
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	2
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	6
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	113
23-22	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M249 Squad Automatic Weapon Kit	DVC	6
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	6
23-26	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M2 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	18
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	10
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	16
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PR0 Model	DVC	153
23-25	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M240 Machine Gun Kit	DVC	10
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1330-00-289-6853	J79818	Grenade, Hand, Violet Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G955)	6
1330-00-289-6854	J79955	Grenade, Hand, Yellow Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G945)	6
1005-01-480-0289		Chamber, Blank Firing: Machine Gun, 7.62MM, M240B	8
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	42
1005-21-912-8997		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M249 SAW	6
1305-01-078-4879	D31944	Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1E1 (DODIC:A598)	2000
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	108
1005-01-091-7510	F87237	Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: M19 for Caliber .50 M2 Machine Gun	10
1330-00-219-8511	J79681	Grenade, Hand, HC Smoke: AN-M8 (DODIC:G930)	12
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6
1330-00-289-6852	J79133	Grenade, Hand, Red Smoke: M18 (DODIC:G950)	6
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	8400
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	320
1305-00-166-6371		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Linked: M82 (DODIC:A111)	1600

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note:

During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

20 Jan 2017

Effective Date: 20 Jan 2017

Task Number: 71-CO-8517

Task Title: OPFOR Crime

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the HQS TRADOC DCS G2 foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	TC 7-100	Hybrid Threat	Yes	No
	TC 7-100.2	Opposing Force Tactics	Yes	No
	TC 7-100.3	Irregular Opposing Forces	Yes	Yes
	TC 7-100.4	Hybrid Threat Force Structure Organization Guide	Yes	No
	TC 7-101	Exercise Design	Yes	No

Conditions: A crime is an action or omission that constitutes an offense that may be prosecuted by the state and is punishable by law. For the purposes of articulating crime as an opposing force task, it can be divided into two broad categories: organized crime and street crime. Both manifestations of crime and criminality can be analyzed through the use of functional analysis despite the latter's inherently amorphous nature. That is to say that regardless of the type of criminal group, or the individual criminal, certain functions must be performed to bring about the accomplishment of a criminal act. For example, the same methodology or technique used by an insurgent force to emplace and explode an improvised explosive device along a convoy route can be used by a street gang to distribute drugs. These functions can be broadly categorized as action, enabling, fixing, and security.

Crime differentiates itself from other opposing force tactics and techniques in that it:

Is motivated by power and profit

It is executed by groups or individuals who go to great lengths to conceal their activities and identities

Seeks to foment public unrest and social disorder, as well as engender fear within the relevant population as methods of enabling criminal activity

Leverages corruption, impunity, anonymity, and safe haven to ensure battlefield survivability and create operational time and space

Should be observed as an operational environment condition just as much as it is a violation of the law

Is predominately a local, urban phenomenon because urban environments provide large numbers of opportunities for offenders and targets to come together in time and space

Is highly concentrated on particular people, places, and things

Is inherently nebulous in nature at lower, more unorganized levels

Criminal elements of the OPFOR are conducting operations independently or temporarily in concert with a larger element or force and receives a directive to execute a criminal activity at a specific location and time and/or saturate a geographic space with unorganized street crime. Task organization provides the resource capabilities to accomplish the task. More organized criminal elements of the OPFOR may have communications with higher, adjacent, subordinate, and supporting elements. Friendly forces, security forces, noncombatants, government agencies, nongovernment organizations, and local and international media may be in the operational environment (OE). Criminal elements of the OPFOR are not constrained by standardized Rules of Engagement (ROE) and do not necessarily comply with international conventions or agreements on the conduct of warfare. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4. This task should be trained under IED Threat conditions.

Standards: Training Circular 7-100.3, *Irregular Opposing Forces*, lists 22 criminal activities that opposing force criminals are capable of executing. They are:

- Arson
- Assassination
- Bribery
- Civic Actions
- Cyber Crime
- Extortion
- Fraud

- Gambling
- Hijacking
- Hostage-Taking
- Information Warfare
- Kidnapping
- Maiming
- Money Laundering
- Murder
- Prostitution
- Racketeering
- Security
- Smuggling
- Terrorism
- Theft
- Trafficking

The endless variations and combinations of these criminal activities would make replicating the singular, broad-based task of crime in a virtual reality or at a combat training center a near impossibility. Therefore, crime as an opposing force task will seek to identify and articulate baseline functions separate from kinetic tasks such as ambush or raid, which can cover criminal activities like assassination, kidnapping, murder, burglary, or theft that have broad application.

The OPFOR conducts criminal activities in accordance with (IAW) TC 7-100.2 and/or TC 7-100.3 and current criminal techniques. When considering which criminal activities to conduct, the OPFOR seeks to capitalize on opportunities within an operational environment, maximize power and profit, and create/foster conditions that enable their continued operations. The OPFOR displaces (temporally and spatially), reorients (victims, locations, and things), and adapts criminal activity based on learning and changes within the operational environment.

NOTE: TADSS and Materiel Items quantities are provided as an example only. Adjust as needed based on force size and type of unit used to replicate the OPFOR.

NOTE: The Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix is provided for reference only. Operational and Training Environments will be IAW the BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.

NOTE: Access the Virtual OPFOR Academy at <https://tbr.army.mil> for electronic copies of OPFOR doctrine, references, Decisive Action Training Environment (DATE), and instructional and immersive videos on conducting this task.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment			Training Environment (LV/C)	Training/Authorized % of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above										
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)		Night	Operational Environment variables and OPFOR use of LV/C are executed IAW BLUFOR Commanders training plan and guidance.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
				75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day	65-74%		75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P	
		60-64%		60-74%		51-64%			P-	
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)		<=59%		<=59%		<=50%			U	

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Medium

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of personal injury or damage to equipment that may result from long-term failure to follow correct procedures.

WARNING

Safety briefings should alert users to the possibility of immediate personal injury or damage to equipment.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
+ 1. Protect			
+ a. Take all necessary active and passive security measures to maintain informational and operational security.			
+ b. Build, maintain, and leverage expansive informant and patronage networks via quid-pro-quo relationships with the population, corrupt security forces and government officials, and armed actors (both friendly and security forces) within the operational environment to ensure anonymity and impunity. This may also be achieved via cooption or coercion.			
+ c. Protect criminals and/or criminal groups with continual improvement of complex terrain, survivability measures, and camouflage, concealment, cover, and deception (C3D).			
+ d. Emplace obstacles (both virtual and physical) in defense of safe haven to reinforce terrain and deceive, disrupt, block, fix, or otherwise shape the area of operation and probable-possible security force actions.			
+ e. Establish caches and transshipment points in or near the safe haven with redundant sustainment capabilities and robust road networks.			
+ f. As necessary, coordinate with friendly and/or neutral elements-forces within the operational environment capable of support assistance in contingencies.			
+ g. Confirm redundant command and control (C2) communications.			
+ h. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of criminal activities to intimidate the relevant population, the media, security forces, and government officials.			
+ i. Improve safe haven with continuous review of C3D measures.			
+ 2. Plan			
+ a. Use the acronym MOM: motive, opportunity, means—to identify and prioritize types of criminal activities, create and/or exploit opportunity, and allocate personnel and resources.			
+ b. Collect and analyze current information on locations, goods/commodities, victims, and vulnerable populations that can be targeted by criminal activity.			
+ c. Collect and analyze current information on security force capabilities, limitations, and disposition and operational environment information.			
+ d. Identify the need for temporary relationships with affiliated forces such as insurgent organizations, guerilla units, adjacent criminals and/or criminal groups, and a coerced or willing relevant population.			
+ e. Analyze action and enabling functions that must be performed to achieve mission success such as tasks to deceive, defend, disrupt, fix, contain, and/or neutralize.			
+ f. Determine the functional tactics to be applied by action, enabling, and support elements.			
+ g. Identify task organization requirements for elements-forces by function IAW TC 7-100.2/TC 7-100.3.			
+ 3. Prepare			
+ a. Evaluate ongoing surveillance to provide situational understanding of security forces and the operational environment required for criminal activity success.			
+ b. Coordinate the activities of logistics support elements and identify logistics linkup points.			
+ c. Assess current counter-surveillance actions to prevent security forces from obtaining situational understanding of criminal intentions and/or criminal activities.			
+ d. Conduct limited mission and task rehearsals of action and enabling elements-forces.			
+ e. Confirm communications requirements and capabilities.			
+ f. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) in support of the criminal activity such as fomenting public unrest by sensationalizing the acute or chronic grievances of the relevant population.			
+ g. Conduct reconnaissance of withdrawal routes and/or exfiltration routes if a mission condition requires friendly elements-forces to vacate safe haven or abandoned the desired course of action.			
+ 4. Execute			
+ a. Activate expansive informant network and surveillance capabilities to inform decision making.			
+ b. Fix, isolate, and deceive security forces as necessary with kinetic means such as drive-by shootings or grenade attacks, or non-kinetic means such as riots or mass demonstrations.			
+ c. Conduct criminal activities consistent with current techniques and through the application of functional tactics.			
+ d. Exploit gaps within the legal system and security force capabilities such as agency jurisdiction, the use of force continuum, and illegal search and seizure technicalities.			
+ e. Execute information warfare (INFOWAR) technical and psychological capabilities to deceive, deter, and/or dissuade behavior that is disadvantageous and encourage behavior that is advantageous.			
+ f. Minimize forensics and biometrics modality signatures to counter evidence collection and exploitation (e.g. sterilize a firearm of latent prints after its use in a murder or wear a balaclava when committing a crime in an area covered by a CCTV system to counter facial recognition software).			
+ 5. Assess			

+ a. Displace (temporally and spatially), reorient (victims, locations, and things), and adapt criminal activities based on learning and changes within the operational environment, to include increased security force presence and/or targeting, changes in crime opportunities, and the sentiment of the relevant population.			
+ b. Employ continuous surveillance to achieve situational awareness and understanding and provide early warning of security force activities that can influence criminal activities and safe haven.			
+ c. Surveillance and informant networks effective - (Yes/No)			
+ d. Key operational environment information obtained - (Yes/No)			
+ e. Security operations enable maintaining safe haven - (Yes/No)			
+ f. Camouflage, cover, concealment, effective - (Yes/No)			
+ g. Deception actions effective - (Yes/No)			
+ h. Information warfare (INFOWAR) effective - (Yes/No)			
+ i. Report security force actions and disposition - (Yes/No)			
+ j. Operational environmental conditions conducive to criminal activity - (Yes/No)			
+ k. Criminal activities successful - (Percent)			
+ l. Criminal activities interdicted by security forces - (Percent)			
+ m. Criminal groups and/or individuals available to continue mission - (Percent)			
+ n. Citizenry enables criminal activity - (Percent)			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: OPFOR will conduct operations in an NBC environment based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: OPFOR will conduct night time operations based on the training objectives established by the BLUFOR Commander.

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s): None

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s): None

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
ART 5.0	Conduct Mission Command

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
T 07-117	Pistol, Tokarev	DVC	2
T 20-005	RPG7 Anti Grenade Launcher with Round	DVC	6
T 20-006	AK-47 Assault Rifle Model	DVC	11
23-85	Soft Cap Man Worn Laser Detector (MWLD) (MILES) PRO Model	DVC	54
T 20-018	SVD Sniper Rifle	DVC	2
T 07-115	Machine Gun, PKM	DVC	11
GTA 08-11-014	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) Casualty Cards	GTA	2
T 20-007	RPK Squad Machine Gun	DVC	5
23-23	M2K Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System 2000 (MILES 2000) M24/M40 Sniper Weapon System Kit	DVC	2
T 07-116	Pistol, Makarov, Plastic	DVC	11
T 20-008	PM-50 Pistol	DVC	2
23-67	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System Individual Weapons System (MILES IWS) M16/M4 Rifle Kit, Instrumental	DVC	54
23-102/B	Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES), (SLM), RPG7 VISMOS	DVC	6

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
1005-00-118-6192		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition: Rifle, 5.56 MM, M16, M16A1	48
1305-00-005-8005		Cartridge, 5.56 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M200 (DODIC:A080)	4200
1370-00-752-8124	T56265	Simulator, Hand Grenade: M116A1 (DODIC:L601)	20
1305-00-008-8894		Cartridge, 7.62 Millimeter Blank, Single Round: M82 (DODIC:A112)	1000
1005-00-893-0902		Firing Attachment, Blank Ammunition, M14 Rifle	6

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Consult range control office for specific environmental considerations for the training area(s) being used.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

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